TORAH TEACHINGS

Understanding YAH's Likes and dislikes

#5 Chayei Sarah, (חַיֵּי שָׂרָה) – Hebrew for "life of Sarah,"

Torah: Genesis 23:1-25:18 Haftarah: | Kings 1:1-31

TOPICS IN THE PARSHA THIS WEEKS TORAH PARASHAT Sarah dies at age 127 and is buried in the Machpelah Cave in Hebron, which Abraham purchases from Ephron the Hittite for four hundred shekels of silver.

TOPICS IN THE PARSHA THIS WEEKS TORAH PARASHAT Abraham's servant Eliezer is sent as the first matchmaker, laden with gifts, to Charan, to find a wife for Isaac. At the village well, Eliezer asks Elohim for a sign: when the maidens come to the well, he will ask for some water to drink; the woman who will offer to give his camels to drink as well shall be the one destined for his master's son.

TOPICS IN THE PARSHA THIS WEEKS TORAH PARASHAT Rebecca, the daughter of Abraham's nephew Bethuel, appears at the well and passes the "test." Eliezer is invited to their home, where he repeats the story of the day's events. Rebecca returns with Eliezer to the land of Canaan, where they encounter Isaac praying in the field. Isaac marries Rebecca, loves her, and is comforted over the loss of his mother.

TOPICS IN THE PARSHA THIS WEEKS TORAH PARASHAT Abraham takes a new wife, Keturah and fathers six additional sons, but Isaac is designated as his only heir Abraham dies at age 175 and is buried beside Sarah by his two eldest sons, Isaac and Ishmael.

Gen 23:1 And Sarah lived one hundred and twenty-seven years, the years of the life of Sarah. Gen 23:2 And Sarah died in Qiryath Arba, that is Hebron, in the land of Kena'an, and Abraham came to mourn for Sarah and to weep for her. Gen 23:3 Then Abraham rose up from beside his dead, and spoke to the sons of Heth, saying,

This week's Torah portion is called חויי שָׁרָה - hayyei Sarah which means, 'The life of Sarah'. The name שָׁרָה Sarah(saw-raw') - Strong's H8283 means, 'princess, noblewoman', which is the feminine of the word שֵׁר sar(sar) - Strong's H8269 which means, 'prince, captain, chieftain, ruler'!

The Name of ישׂראל Yisra'ěl (yis-raw-ale')- Strong's H3478 which means, 'he who prevails, overcomes with El', comes from the two primitive root words: 1) אל ěl (ale)- Strong's H410 which means, 'mighty, power, shortened form of Elohim - Mighty One' and 2) the root word verb שַׁרָה sarah (saw-raw')-Strong's H8280 which means, 'to persist, exert oneself, persevere, wrestle, contend', which is spelt the same as the name of Abraham's wife. ישראל Yisra'ěl - could also be understood as those who rule with EL, as princes!

We are a royal priesthood and, in a manner of speaking, with Abraham as our father in the belief, we are also children of Sarah the 'princess' and so, are also 'princes' in the Kingdom of our King, and we who overcome shall rule with Him!

The life of Sarah! This could better be rendered as 'Sarah lived' or 'the life of Sarah was 127 years'. While this Torah portion may be called her life, we are given the account of her death, yet, what we are able to take from this portion, is the offspring that came forth from Sarah, the faithful wife of Abraham.

Sarah is the only woman, in all of Scripture, who's record of life is given and recorded, which is certainly a great reason to see how important and faithful this woman was to her husband and, of course, to מון (YeHoVah).

What is interesting to take note of, in Sarah being the only woman to have her death and age being recorded, is that the only other time we see the number 127, being used in Scripture, is in the number of provinces that Aḥashwĕrosh reigned over from India to Kush. Aḥashwĕrosh was the king to whom Estĕr would become queen to and intercede for the life of all the Yehudim in these 127 provinces, who had been given a death sentence under the craftiness of a wicked Haman.

This teaches us how we can live a full and faithful life in our Master and Elohim, as we submit wholeheartedly to Him and trust His Word completely!

In Hebrew, the word for 'life' is הַ hay(khah'-ee) - Strong's H2416 and means, 'life, alive, living, flowing, fresh, running'.

Yitshaq, her son, was 37 years of age at the time of her death, and by all accounts we are certainly led to believe that she never saw her son again, after he left with Abraham to be offered up, which gives us further evidence that Yitshaq was around 36 or 37 when he went with Abraham and was offered up on the altar, where יהוה (YeHoVah) provided the ram for the sacrifice and Abraham in effect received his son back from the dead, as a type!

Ib'rim/Hebrews 11:17-19 "By belief, Abraham, when he was tried, offered up Yitshaq, and he who had received the promises offered up his only brought-forth son, 18 of whom it was said, "In Yitshaq your seed shall be called," 19 reckoning that Elohim was able to raise, even from the dead, from which he received him back, as a type."

Sarah was 90 years old when she gave birth to Yitshaq and now at 127 years old she died in Qiryath Arba, which is Hebron. קרית ארבע Qiryath Arba (keer-yath' ar-bah')- Strong's H7153 means, 'city of four' and comes from the 2 words: 1) קריה (kir-yaw') - Strong's H7151 meaning, 'town, city' and 2) אַרְבָּע arba (ar-bah')- Strong's H702-which means, 'four'. This city later was named net mebron - (khebrone')Strong's H2275 which means, 'association, league'.

This was the place that Kalèb was given as an inheritance:

Yehoshua/Joshua 14:13-14 "Yehoshua then blessed him, and gave Hebron to Kaleb son of Yephunneh as an inheritance. 14 So Hebron became the inheritance of Kalěb son of Yephunneh the Qenizzite to this day, because he followed יהוה Elohim of Yisra'ěl completely."

After Abraham had mourned and grieved for Sarah, he rose up to speak to the sons of Heth, in order to purchase a suitable burial site for Sarah. There is a great shadow picture of the redemption price that has been paid for us by Messiah, seen in this transaction between Abraham and the sons of Heth, which we will discuss shortly.

Gen 23:4 "I am a foreigner and a sojourner among you. Give me property for a burial-site among you, so that I bury my dead from my presence."

Verse 4

I am a foreigner and a sojourner! While this land, which Abraham was on, was, in fact, the land that had been promised to his seed, it was not yet his and he did not presume to just take what he wanted, based on the sure promises of Elohim, but rather, he recognized that he was still a foreigner and stranger and therefore, recognized that he was to pay what was due,

As sons of the promise we know that, according to Scripture, we shall inherit the earth, yet this will not take place until our Messiah King returns and establishes His Kingdom Rule as the only authority; and therefore, we too are strangers and foreigners on the earth, as we sojourn in the fear of Elohim, as we walk in His Kingdom Rules from above, wherever we put our feet!