

John 6:63b

Matthew 5:17-48

17 Think not that I am come to destroy the law, or the prophets: I am not come to destroy, but to fulfil.

18 For verily I say unto you, Till heaven and earth pass, one jot or one tittle shall in no wise pass from the law, till all be fulfilled. and the Lord shall help time of trouble, because they trust in h: the visit of the cut of the country them.

19 Whosoever therefore shall break one of these least commandments, and shall teach men so, he shall be called the least in the kingdom of heaven: but whosoever shall do and teach them, the same shall be called great in the kingdom of heaven. the Lord shall help them, and decause they truck from the

20 For I say unto you, That except your righteousness shall exceed the righteousness of the scribes and Pharisees, ye shall in no case enter into the kingdom of heaven.

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21 Ye have heard that it was said by them of old time, Thou shalt not kill; and whosoever shall kill shall be in danger of the judgment:

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the Lord shall help them, and deliver them from the and deliver they frust is the time of them.

22 But I say unto you, That whosoever is angry with his brother without a cause shall be in danger of the judgment: and whosoever shall say to his brother, Raca, shall be in danger of the council: but whosoever shall say, Thou fool, shall be in danger of Gehenna fire.

23 Therefore if thou bring thy gift to the altar, and there rememberest that thy brother hath ought against thee;

24 Leave there thy gift before the altar, and go thy way; first be reconciled to thy brother, and then come and offer thy gift. 25 Agree with thine adversary quickly, whiles thou art in the way with him; lest at any time the adversary deliver thee to the judge, and the judge deliver thee to the officer, and thou be cast into prison. ause they trust in hi the

26 Verily I say unto thee, Thou shalt by no means come out thence, till thou hast paid the uttermost farthing.

27 Ye have heard that it was said by them of old time, Thou shalt not commit adultery:

28 But I say unto you, That whosoever looketh on a woman to lust after her hath committed adultery with her already in his heart.

29 And if thy right eye offend thee, pluck it out; and cast it from thee: for it is profitable for thee that one of thy members should perish, and not that thy whole body should be cast into Gehenna.

30 And if thy right hand offend thee, cut it off, and cast it from thee: for it is profitable for thee that one of thy members should perish, and not that thy whole body should be cast into Gehenna. Them from them, and des

31 It hath been said, Whosoever shall put away his wife, let him give her a writing of divorcement: 32 But I say unto you, That whosoever shall put away his wife, saving for the cause of fornication, causeth her to commit adultery: and whosoever shall marry her that is divorced committeth adultery. all deliver them from the and d

33 Again, ye have heard that it hath been said by them of old time, Thou shalt not forswear thyself, but shalt perform unto Yahweh thine oaths: 34 But I say unto you, Swear not at ther by mean Yahweh's throne: all; neither by heaven; for it is palvation of the righteous is o ir strength in the time of trouble.

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35 Nor by the earth; for it is his footstool: neither by Jerusalem; for it is the city of the great King. 36 Neither shalt thou swear by thy head, because thou canst not make one hair white or black. 37 But let your communication be, Yea, yea; Nay, nay: for whatsoever is more than these cometh of evil. all deliver them from the and a

38 Ye have heard that it hath been said, An eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth:

39 But I say unto you, That ye resist not evil: but whosoever shall smite thee on thy right cheek, turn to him the other also. mahation of the righteous is of trophs

the Lord shall help them, and deliver they fruct; om the

40 And if any man will sue thee at the law, and take away thy coat, let him have thy cloke also. 41 And whosoever shall compel thee to go a mile, go with him twain. 42 Give to him that asketh thee, and from him that would borrow of thee turn not thou away.

The standard of the stand of the standard of the standar 43 Ye have heard that it hath been said, Thou shalt love thy neighbour, and hate thine enemy.

44 But I say unto you, Love your enemies, bless them that curse you, do good to them that hate you, and pray for them which despitefully use you, and persecute you; the Lord shall help them, and described they trust in h:

45 That ye may be the children of your Father which is in heaven: for he maketh his sun to rise on the evil and on the good, and sendeth rain on the just and on the unjust. 46 For if ye love them which love you, what reward have ye? do not even the publicans the same? the Lord shall help time of trouble. cause they trust in h: the right will be contained deliver them from the middle.

47 And if ye salute your brethren only, what do ye more than others? do not even the publicans so? 48 Be ye therefore perfect, even as your Father which is in heaven is perfect. CL. shall be destro palvation of the righteous is o

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How do we know when the word "Commandment" or "Commandments" in the New Testament actually refers to the Biblical Ten Commandments? Does loving Elohim with all your heart and loving your neighbor as yourself nullify the Ten Commandments? the Lord shall help them, and decreases they trust in h: the wind decrease they trust in h:

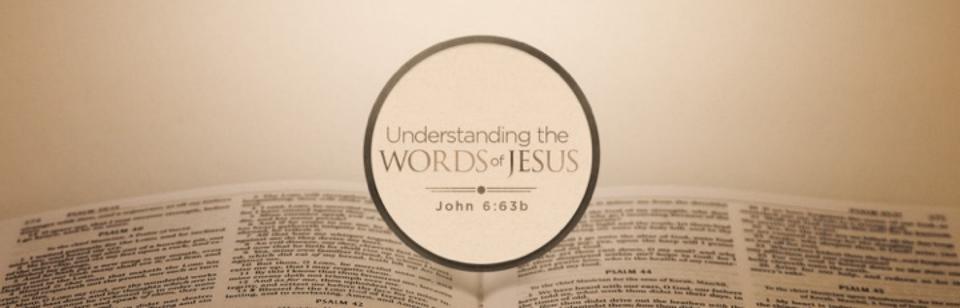
The Apostle John wrote that Yahshua spoke of a "New Commandment." What does John mean by this and does it change our obligation to observe the Ten Commandments? Does Yahshua fulfilling the law bring an end to the law? All these questions will now be answered not by speculation or private interpretation, but by references from the Word of Yahweh.

2 Peter 1:20-21 20 Knowing this first, that no prophecy of the scripture is of any private interpretation. 21 For the prophecy came not in old time by the will of man: but holy men of Elohim spake as they were moved by the Holy Spirit.

the Lord shall in the time of trouble.

The Lord shall help them, and decreases they trust in h: the violettes.

Meaning of Yahshua Fulfilling the Law



Matthew 5:17 Think not that I am come to destroy the law, or the prophets: I am not come to destroy, but to fulfill.

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and the Lord shall help them, and a

18 For verily I say unto you, Till heaven and earth pass, one jot or one tittle shall in no wise pass from the law, till all be fulfilled.

1. to become, i. e. to come into existence, begin to be, receive being:

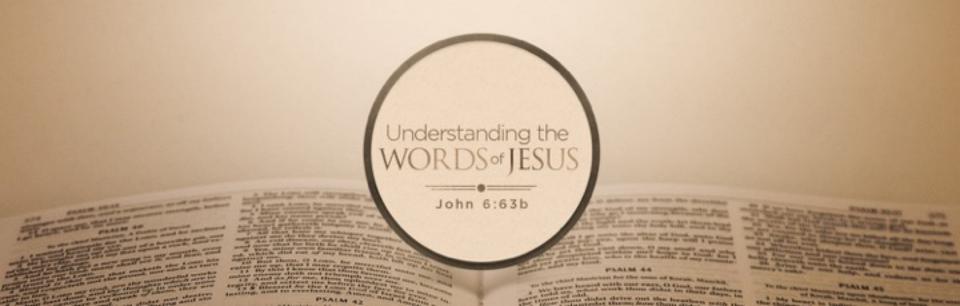
2. to become equivalent to to come to pass, happen, of events;

19 Whosoever therefore shall break one of these least commandments, and shall teach men so, he shall be called the least in the kingdom of heaven: but whosoever shall do and teach them, the same shall be called great in the kingdom of heaven. the Lord shall help them, and decause they trust; In Matthew 5:17, Yahshua assures us that He did not come to destroy the law but to fulfill it. In verse 19, He states that we are not only to obey the law but we are to teach it also.

the low shall be destroy the low shall be destroy the strength in the righteous is of the Low shall help time of trouble because they trust in h:

Despite the clear instructions of Yahshua that we are not only to OBEY the law but we are to TEACH it also, there are those that not only do not teach the law but they teach the law has ended and even severely condemn and criticize those that do teach the law. Their response to this passage is that fulfilling the law brings an end to the law, that is, destroys the law. Have a close look at this passage and see what Yahshua would be saying if this were true.

Consider if this paraphrased version makes any sense.



Starting with verse 17, this is what Yahshua would effectively be saying,



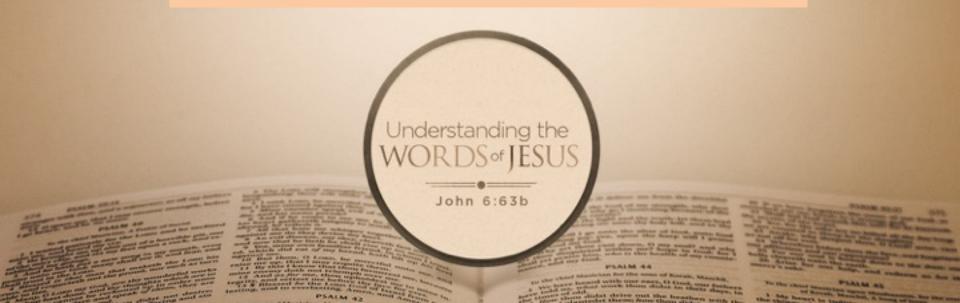
"Think not that I am come to destroy the law, or the prophets: I am not come to DESTROY THE LAW but I have come to DESTROY THE LAW. Now that I have come to fulfil the law and hence destroy the law, I am telling you that till heaven and earth pass, one jot or one tittle shall, that is, not the crossing of a "t" or the dotting of an "i" shall in NO wise pass from the law that I am ending. ise they tri

And since fulfilling the law ends and destroys the law, I am telling you that whosoever therefore shall **BREAK ONE** of these least Commandments shall be referred to as least by those in the kingdom, and since I am abolishing the law, I am telling you that you are now to TEACH THE LAW also that I am abolishing.

You have heard before that "THOU SHALL NOT KILL" but now that I am fulfilling and so ending the law, now I say that whosoever is ANGRY with his brother WITHOUT A CAUSE shall be in danger of the judgment and whosoever shall say, YOU FOOL, shall be in danger of HELL FIRE.

You have heard that it was said by them of old time, "YOU SHALL NOT COMMIT ADULTERY" but since fulfilling the law ends the law, now I say unto you, That whosoever looks on a woman to lust after her has **COMMITTED ADULTERY with her** already in his heart." he Lord shall help them, and course they tree from the

No one in their right mind could possibly say that this makes one iota of common sense or logic. One could not have a more absurd load of nonsense and contradictory statements if one tried.



Isaiah 42:21

Yahweh is well pleased for his righteousness' sake; he will magnify the law, and make it honourable.

the wicked shall be cut off.

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the Lord shall help them, and deliver they from the

We are told the law would be magnified and made honourable, not destroyed. In the remainder of Matthew chapter 5 we see how Yahweh through Yahshua, has without a doubt magnified the law. We note the following; Matthew 5:19 from not only obeying the law but teaching it also, 5:21-22 from do not kill to not being angry with your brother without

5:27-28 from do not commit adultery to being guilty if you look at a woman lustfully, 5:31 from divorcing by a letter to any man who divorces his wife except for sexual immorality, causes her or anyone who marries a divorced woman to commit adultery, 5:33-37 from not breaking oaths made to the Lord to do not swear at all, either by heaven or earth or by Jerusalem. The time of trois

And do not swear by your head, let your Yes be Yes, and your No, No, 5:38-42 from an eye for an eye and tooth for a tooth to turning the other cheek and if someone sues you for your coat, give them your cloak also, 5:43-48 from love your neighbour and hate your enemy to love your enemies and bless them that curse you and pray for those that are spiteful and use you.

Be ye therefore perfect, even as your Father which is in heaven is perfect.

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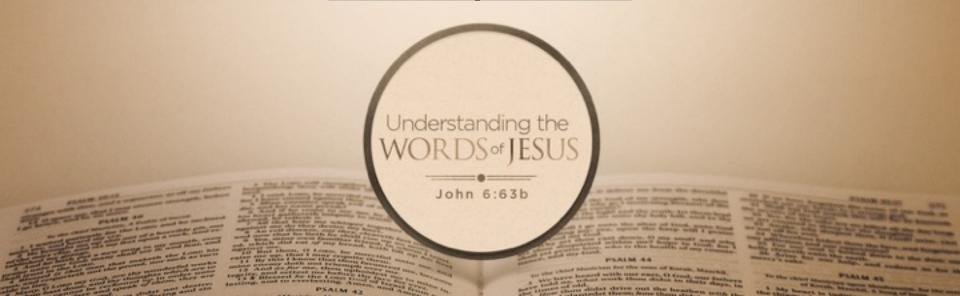
pe salvation the time of trouble of them and the time of trouble.

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Does this give the impression that fulfilling the law ends the law? If this were true then all the following things have also ended. Our Joy, our Righteousness, the Word of God, the Scriptures and our obedience just to name a few.

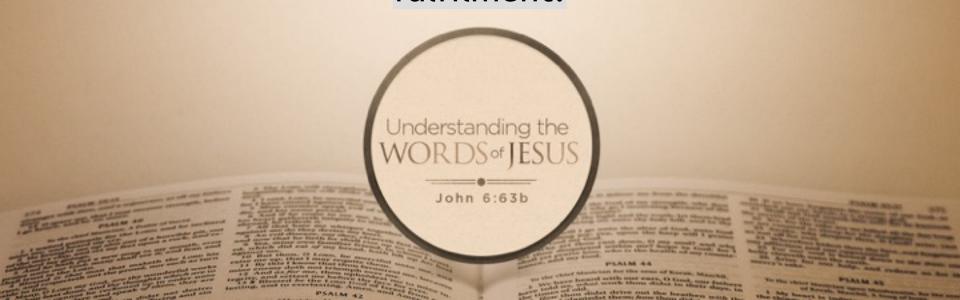
The Lord shall help the righteous is on the shall deliver them from the mind deliver they trust in his the wind deliver.

G4137 "Pleroo" Thayer definition: 1) to make full, to fill up, i.e. to fill to the full. 2) to render full, i.e. to complete. 2a) to fill to the top: so that nothing shall be wanting to full measure, fill to the brim. 2b) to consummate: a number. 2b1) to make complete in every particular, to render perfect.



- 2b2) to carry through to the end, to accomplish, carry out, (some undertaking).
 - 2c) to carry into effect, bring to realisation, realise.

 2c1) of matters of duty: to perform, execute.
- 2c2) of sayings, promises, prophecies, to bring to pass, ratify, accomplish.
 - 2c3) to fulfil, i.e. to cause God's will (as made known in the law) to be obeyed as it should be, and God's promises (given through the prophets) to receive fulfilment.



Does Christ fulfilling the law end the Moral law?



Here are some of the other things that would have also ended if this Greek word "fulfil" meant to bring an end to the law. Consider what these scriptures would say if "fulfil" meant to "end." These following scriptures all use the same Greek word G4137.

Word G4137.

We will be a state of the state

Matthew 3:15 "...it becometh us to fulfil [end] all righteousness." John 17:13 "...that they might have my joy fulfilled [ended] in themselves." 2 Thessalonians 1:11 "...and fulfil [end] all the good pleasure of his goodness, and the work of faith with power." Philippians 2:2 "fulfil [end] you my joy, that you be likeminded, having the same love..."

Same love..."

Same love..."

Same love...

Shall help them from them, and deliver them from them them. John 17:12 "...that the scripture might be fulfilled [ended]." Colossians 1:25 "...which is given to me for you, to fulfil [end] the word of God."

2 Corinthians 10:6 "...having in a readiness to revenge all disobedience, when your obedience is fulfilled [ended]."

Apart from those who are deceived and listening to the wrong spirit, everyone else including all the late famous theologians know and understand that it is an absolute impossibility for this particular Greek word "fulfill" to be meaning bringing an end to the law. The proofs given so far are one hundred percent conclusive and extremely overwhelming but let's go even further. The following verse is the Biblical definition for sin

1 John 3:4 Whosoever committeth sin transgresseth also the law: for sin is the transgression of the law.

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Romans 4:1-15

1 What shall we say then that Abraham our father, as pertaining to the flesh, hath found? 2 For if Abraham were justified by works, he hath whereof to glory; but not before Elohim. be an action of the righteous is

the Lord shall help them, and deliver they from the them from the

3 For what saith the scripture?
Abraham believed Elohim, and it
was counted unto him for
righteousness.

4 Now to him that worketh is the reward not reckoned of grace, but of debt.

- 5 But to him that worketh not, but believeth on him that justifieth the wicked, his faith is counted for righteousness.
- 6 Even as David also describeth the blessedness of the man, unto whom Elohim imputeth righteousness without works,

7 Saying, Blessed are they whose iniquities are forgiven, and whose sins are covered.

8 Blessed is the man to whom Yahweh will not impute sin.

the wicked shall be cut off.

the Lord shall help them, and deliver them from the her they trust;

- 9 Cometh this blessedness then upon the circumcision only, or upon the uncircumcision also? for we say that faith was reckoned to Abraham for righteousness.
- 10 How was it then reckoned? when he was in circumcision, or in uncircumcision? Not in circumcision, but in uncircumcision.

11 And he received the sign of circumcision, a seal of the righteousness of the faith which he had yet being uncircumcised: that he might be the father of all them that believe, though they be not circumcised; that righteousness might be imputed unto them also: he Lond shall help time of trouble, ause they trust in h: the view of the time of the time

12 And the father of circumcision to them who are not of the circumcision only, but who also walk in the steps of that faith of our father Abraham, which he had being yet uncircumcised. the Lord shall help them, and described they fruct; on the strength in the time of trouble the cause they fruct; on the strength in the streng

13 For the promise, that he should be the heir of the world, was not to Abraham, or to his seed, through the law, but through the righteousness of faith. 14 For if they which are of the law be heirs, faith is made void, and the

promise made of none effect:

the Lord shall help them, and decrease they trust in h: the visit of the country of them from them, and decrease they trust in h:

15 Because the law worketh wrath: for where no law is, there is no transgression.

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If there is no law, then there can be no transgression of the law, which is what sin is. Therefore, evil could freely reign and our Saviour would be obsolete. Who needs a Saviour to save us from our sin when there is no sin? We do not even need to repent of sin anymore, as without a law there can be no transgression of the law, which defines what sin is.

Does the Bible say sin is gone? Does Paul say we can now sin that we are under Grace? Remember that sin is transgression of the law and if there is no law than there can be no sin. If there is sin then there has to be a law. It is that simple. the Lord shall be destroy the Lord shall be frequency the Lord shall be frequency to the Lord shall be frequency to the Lord shall be time of trouble of the cause they trust in b: the wind destroy to the time of the time of the time of the trouble.

Romans 6:1-4

- 1 What shall we say then? Shall we continue in sin, that grace may abound?
- 2 Certainly not. How shall we, that are dead to sin, live any longer therein? wicked shall be cut off. palvation of the righteous is o the Lord shall help them, and

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- 3 Know ye not, that so many of us as were baptized into Yahshua Messiah were baptized into his death?
- 4 Therefore we are buried with him by baptism into death: that like as Messiah was raised up from the dead by the glory of the Father, even so we also should walk in newness of life.

Romans 6:14-15

- 14 For sin shall not have dominion over you: for ye are not under the law, but under grace.
- 15 What then? shall we sin, because we are not under the law, but under grace? Certainly not.

Obviously sin does remain which is transgression of the law and Paul makes it quite clear that we are not to continue in sin which means the law still has to exist.

the Lord shall help them from the medical because they trust in h:

Matthew 22:35-40

35 Then one of them, which was a lawyer, asked him a question, tempting him, and saying, 36 Master, which is the great commandment in the law?

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37 Yahshua said unto him, Thou shalt love Yahweh thy Elohim with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy mind. 38 This is the first and great commandment.

the Lord shall help them, and decause they truct:

39 And the second is like unto it, Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyself.

40 On these two commandments hang all the law and the prophets.

he wicked shall be cut off.

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Satan knows the importance of this Commandment and has achieved a massive victory here that most Christians are not aware of and should be.

the Lord shall help them, and destroy the Lord shall help them, and destroy the cause they trust in the time of trouble.

Matthew 5:17-20 CEV

17"Don't suppose that I came to do away with the Law and the Prophets. I did not come to do away with them, but to give them their full meaning. 18 Heaven and earth may disappear. But I promise you that not even a period or comma will ever disappear from the Law. Everything written in it must happen.

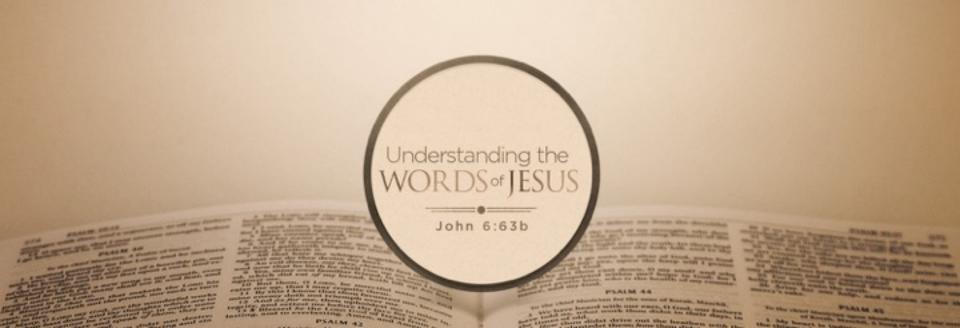
19 If you reject even the least important command in the Law and teach others to do the same, you will be the least important person in the kingdom of heaven. But if you obey and teach others its commands, you will have an important place in the kingdom.

20 You must obey God's commands better than the Pharisees and the teachers of the Law obey them. If you don't, I promise you that you will never get into the kingdom of heaven."

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the Lord shall help them, and decause they truck from the

Here are some of those reasons previously covered why "fulfil" does not abolish the law.



- 1. If this were so, then our Joy, our Righteousness, the Word of Yahweh, the Scriptures and our obedience would also be gone just to name a few.
 - 2.Our "righteousness" and our "Joy" and the "Scriptures" do still exist I hope!

3. Yahshua would be contradicting Himself extremely seriously more than ten times in Matthew chapter five. You cannot be told to obey a law that is abolished or does not exist.

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- 4. You cannot teach obedience to a law that does not exist. How do you teach how to obey a non-existent law?
- 5. If there was no law then there could be no sin and we would not require a Saviour and someone to intercede on our behalf with the Father for our sins. We do still have to repent of our sins don't we? Some would say no!

6. Isaiah 42:21 says that Yahweh came to magnify the law. There is nothing that says or was prophesied that Yahshua came to abolish the law or even one Commandment.

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7. The Greek word for "fulfil" used in verse 17 means to make full or to give full meaning. Fulfilling the law as per Matthew 5:17 does not mean to abolish.

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8. How can the law that is NOT void be ended that we also have to establish and be doers of?

Romans 3:31; Romans 2:13.

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Romans 3:31

Do we then make void the law through faith? Certainly not: yea, we establish the law.

Romans 2:13

(For not the hearers of the law are just before Elohim, but the doers of the law shall be justified.

Now we have a clear understanding of this passage, we can now undoubtedly see that Yahshua is telling us that not a "letter" or a "," or a "." or the dotting of an "i" or the crossing of a "t" is going to pass from the law as long as heaven and earth are still in existence. Are Heaven and Earth still here? Of course! Therefore every one of the Ten Commandments has to be perfectly intact.

It is highly probable also that confusion has resulted from the meaning of the different Greek words used for "fulfil." The following verse uses the word "fulfilled" but this one actually does mean to bring to an end. the Lord shall help them, and decause they truck; on the

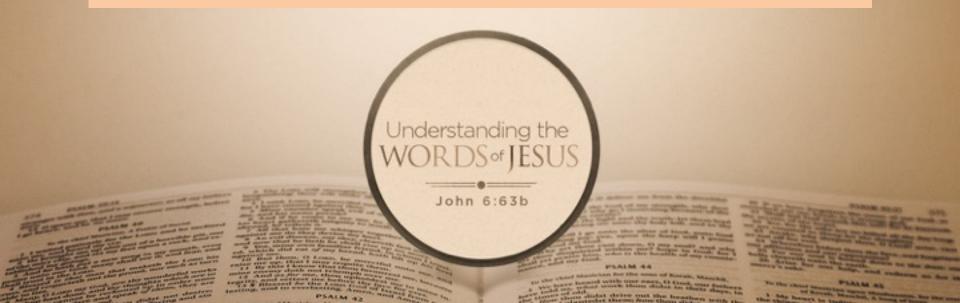
Mark 13:1-4

1 And as he went out of the temple, one of his disciples saith unto him, Master, see what manner of stones and what buildings are here! 2 And Yahshua answering said unto him, Seest thou these great buildings? there shall not be left one stone upon another, that shall not be thrown down.

3 And as he sat upon the mount of Olives over against the temple, Peter and James and John and Andrew asked him privately, 4 Tell us, when shall these things be? and what shall be the sign when all these things shall be fulfilled? the Lord shall help them, and decause they trust:

- G4931 "sunteleo" Thayer Definition:
 1) to end together or at the same
 time
- 2) to end completely 2a) bring to an end, finish, complete
- 3) to accomplish, bring to fulfilment 3a) to come to pass
 - 4) to effect, make, (conclude)
- 5) to finish 5a) to make an end of 5b) to bring to an end 5c) destroy

The New Commandment We find in the book of John, Yahshua speaking with His Apostles about love which He repeats in more detail two chapters later. Both of these conversations have several similar points but one main theme, the "NEW" level of Messiah like love.



- 1) They were both private conversations between Yahshua and His Apostles.
- 2) The first time Yahshua says, "A new commandment I give unto you" followed by in both chapters, "That you love one another; as I have loved you" is strength in the time of trouble.

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3) In one passage Peter says, "I will lay down my life for your sake" and Yahsua replies, "Will you lay down your life for my sake?" and in the other passage, Yahshua follows up his statement of "That you love one another; as I have loved you" with an example of how to do this, "Greater love has no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends." ""

When Yahshua died, He demonstrated the ultimate act of love. Did the disciples exercise the same Christ like love before this time? We find in Luke 22:24 "And there was also a strife among them, which of them should be accounted the greatest." Yahshua said in **John 13:34-35**

John 13:34-35

A new commandment I give unto you, That ye love one another; as I have loved you, that ye also love one another.

35 By this shall all men know that ye are my disciples, if ye have love one to another.

In the Greek there are two words for "new", one means totally brand new and the other meaning new to us. The word Yahshua used here was not brand new but new to us, meaning it was a type of love that would be new to them that they were not currently practising. the Lord shall help them, and decrease they trust in h: the wind decrease they trust in h: In order for the disciples to continue the work of Christ, they had to be able demonstrate the same Christ like example of love, so as verse 35 says, "By this shall all men know that you are my disciples, if you have love one to another" in the same way that Yahshua loved them and laid down His life for the world. See John 3:16.

This is the new level of love that we all need to learn and walk in and what Paul expressed in

Ephesians 5:1-2

"Be you therefore followers of Elohim, as dear children; 2 And walk in love, as Messiah also has loved us, and has given himself for us an offering and a sacrifice to Yahweh for a sweet smelling savour."

Here is love magnified to the full as demonstrated by Yahshua in Matthew chapter 5. Yahshua's ultimate example of love was laying down His life for others and He knew that most of His Apostles would need to be prepared to do the same as the Bible and history shows they did.

Loving your neighbour as yourself was not a "new" commandment and existed from the beginning but the level of love they needed to practise to be imitators of Messiah was new in that they loved one another as Yahshua loved them to the point of also being prepared to lay down their lives for each other as Yahshua did for them and the whole world.

So we find that Yahshua not only magnified the law with what He spoke of in Matthew chapter 5 but He also taught that we need to demonstrate the same self sacrificing love of Messiah Himself. This is the level of love that is the foundation of Yahweh's Moral law of OVE sength in the righteous is all deliver them from them, and deliver they trust in h: the wind deliver.